



# NPM<sub>PM</sub> / NPA<sub>PM</sub> / UDM<sub>PA</sub>

## Functional Safety Manual

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NPMpm / NPAPm / UDMpa

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## Revision History






Date	Revision	Description
October 2017	1.30	Updated CE Declaration of Conformity
Sptember 2017	1.20	Added CE Declaration of Conformity Added product labels Removed P/N examples
August 2017	1.10	Added Declarations Content Updated standards listing to EN/IEC 61800-5-2 Ed. 2, PL e and SIL 3
July 2017	1.00	First release

## Conventions Used in this Guide

### Text Formats

Format	Description
<b>Bold</b>	Names of GUI objects or commands.
<b>BOLD+ UPPERCASE</b>	ACSPL+ variables and commandss
Monospace + grey background	Code example.
<i>Italic</i>	Names of other documents.
<a href="#">Blue</a>	Web pages, and e-mail addresses.
[ ]	In GUIs indicates optional item(s)
	In GUIs indicates either/or items

### Flagged Text

	<b>Note</b> - includes additional information or programming tips.
	<b>Caution</b> - describes a condition that may result in damage to equipment.
	<b>Warning</b> - describes a condition that may result in serious bodily injury or death.
	<b>Model</b> - highlights a specification, procedure, condition, or statement that depends on the product model.
	<b>Advanced</b> - indicates a topic for advanced users.

## Related Documents

Documents listed in the following table provide additional information related to this document.

The most updated version of the documents can be downloaded by authorized users from [www.acsmotioncontrol.com/downloads](http://www.acsmotioncontrol.com/downloads).

Online versions for all ACS software manuals are available to authorized users at [ACS Motion Control Knowledge Center](#).

Document	Description
<i>NPMpm Installation Guide</i>	Provides installation information.
<i>NPAPm Installation and Operation Guide</i>	Provides installation information and operating instructions.
<i>UDMPa Installation Guide</i>	Provides installation information

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## 1. Introduction

### 1.1 Overview

Functional safety in the NPM $\text{pm}$ /NPAPm, and UDMpa is implemented by the STO (Safe Torque Off) function. The STO prevents:

- Unexpected motor movement
- Rotational field within the motor
- The motor from generating a torque on the shaft

This manual describes the use of the STO function in the NPM $\text{pm}$ /NPAPm, and UDMpa.

The STO is applicable only to drives that are certified for functional safety, see [Certified products list](#).

This manual includes critical information, including expected behavior of the motion systems when using the STO, limitations, and the requirements for three-month testing by the user.

### 1.2 What is STO?

The Safe Torque Off (STO) functionality disables the drive's output MOSFET's according to IEC 61800-5-2, by disconnecting power from the gate drive optocouplers. This results in preventing the drive's output power devices from switching in the necessary way to generate AC power to the motor. When STO is enabled while the motor is in motion, the motor shaft and its mechanical elements coast until brought to a stop. When the STO is enabled, the drive cannot generate torque energy. The safety function "Safe torque off" (STO) can be used to realize an "Emergency Stop" according to EN 60204 Stop 0 while the power is still supplied to the frequency inverter.



STO can be used in applications where the motor is expected to reach a standstill within a sufficiently short time based on the load and the friction and when coasting down of the motor will not have any impact on safety.



Systems with a suspended load must have an additional mechanical safety block like a motor brake. The drive cannot hold the load when STO is engaged. When designing a machine, consider the timing and distance for a coasting to stop. Serious injury could result if the load is not properly held.

## 1.3 STO block diagram

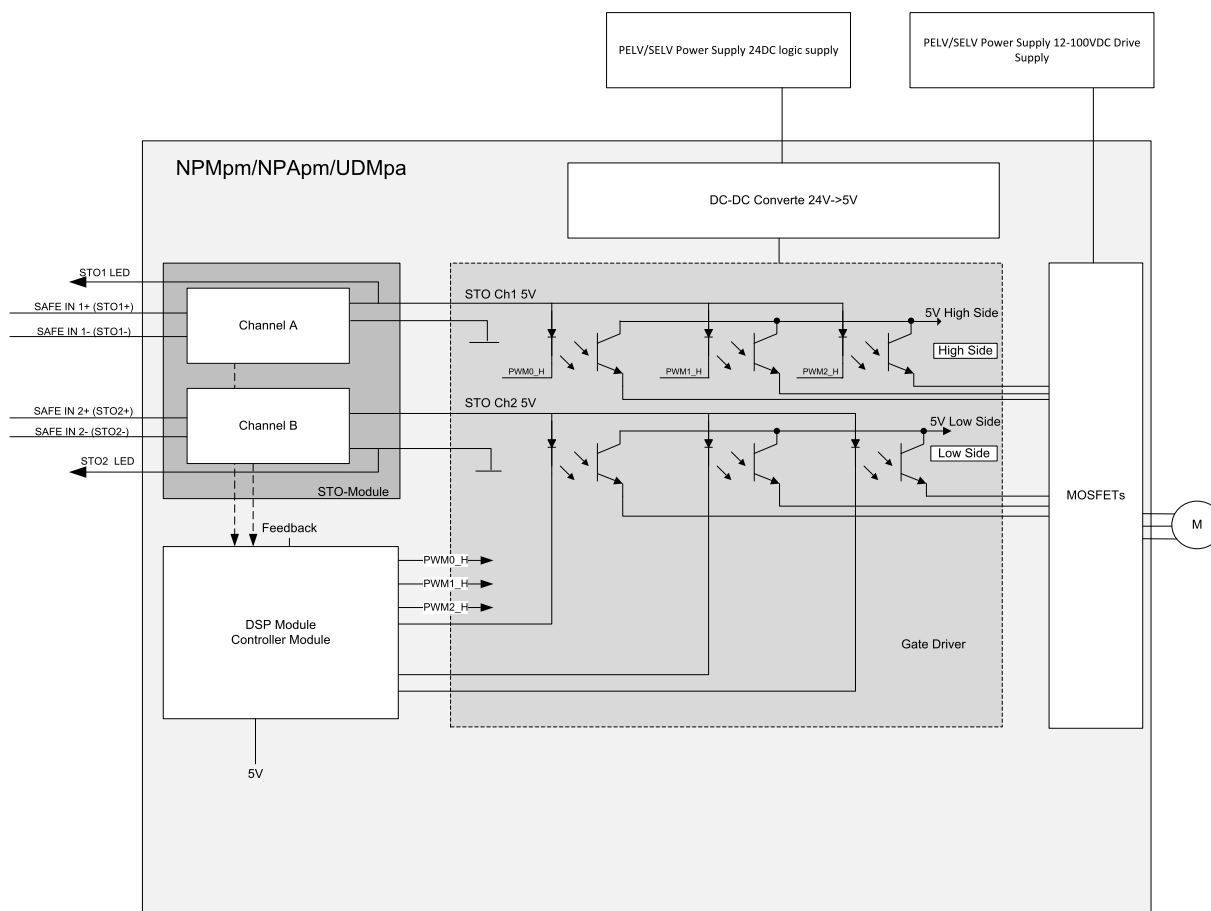


Figure 1-1. STO block diagram

## 1.4 Certification

The NPMpm/NPAPm, and UDMpa Safe Torque Off module is certified for use in safety applications up to and including SIL-3 according to:

- EN/IEC 61800-5-2 Ed. 2 (second environment)
- EN/ IEC 61800-5-1
- IEC 61508
- IEC 62061

Performance Level PLe and Category 3 according to:

- EN ISO 13849-1/-2

## 1.5 Operator responsibility

### 1.5.1 Safety considerations

- When applying Functional Safety, restrict access to qualified, authorized personnel who are trained and experienced.
- The operator must perform a periodic test of the STO function every three months in order to make sure the STO is working properly. See [Verify operation](#) for test details.



In the event of the failure of two output MOSFETs in the drive, when STO is activated (removing the power from the optocouplers), the drive can provide energy for up to 180° of rotation in a 2-pole motor before torque production in the motor ceases. However, the probability of such a failure is rare and therefore considered negligible.



Failure to maintain the specified environmental standards can result in a failure of the safety function.



The STO does not eliminate dangerous voltages at the drive output. Input power to the drive (drive supply) must be removed before performing any electrical work on the drive or machine.

## 2. Certified products list



### DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

ACS Motion Control Ltd.

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ACS Motion Control Ltd., declare on our sole responsibility that the  
following products:

**UDMcb,UDMpa**

1. Adhere to the following reference standards including Machinery  
Directive 2006/42/EC Annex IX and VIII. Applied harmonized  
standards:

- a. IEC 61800-5-2:2016
- b. IEC 61800-5-1:2016
- c. IEC 61800-3: 2017
- d. EN ISO 13849-1:2015
- e. EN ISO 13849-2:2012
- f. IEC 62061:2015
- g. IEC 60204-1:2016 (in extracts)

ACS Motion Control Ltd. Officer:

Signature:

Printed Name: Dror Marom, CEO

Date: 23.10.2017



## DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

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We, ACS Motion Control Ltd., declare on our sole responsibility that the following dual-axis Nano PWM drive product(s):

### **NPMpm, NPAPm, NPMpc, NPAPc**

1. Adhere to the following reference standards including Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC Annex IX and VIII. Applied harmonized standards:

- a. IEC 61800-5-2:2016
- b. IEC 61800-5-1:2016
- c. IEC 61800-3: 2017
- d. EN ISO 13849-1:2015
- e. EN ISO 13849-2:2012
- f. IEC 62061:2015
- g. IEC 60204-1:2016 (in extracts)

ACS Motion Control Ltd. Officer:

Signature:

Printed Name: Dror Marom, CEO

Date: 23.10.2017

in Migdal HaEmek

## ***2.1 List of certified products***

All the below products have been approved by The TÜV Rheinland for the Safe Torque Off option, for use in safety-related applications where the torque off state is considered to be the safe state.

The below products were certified:

- UDMpa-XXXX-NO-XXXX-Y-X, see [UDMpa order part number](#) for more details.
- NPMpm-XXXXXX-Y-XXXXNX, see [NPMpm order part number](#) for more details.
- NPAPm-XX-Y-XNX, see [NPAPm order part number](#) for more details.

## 2.2 UDMpa order part number

The order part number (P/N) contains several characters (see example in [Figure 2-1](#)) that each specify a configuration characteristic ordered for the NPMpm module, as described in [Table 2-1](#).



Figure 2-1. UDMpa Label

Table 2-1. UDMpa ordering options

Ordering Options	Field	Example User Selection	Available Ordering Option Values
Number of axes/drives	1	X	1,2
Current	2	X	A - 3.3/10A B - 6.6/20A C - 10/30A D - 13.3/40A
Maximum voltage	3	X	A - 60V B - 100V
500kHz SIN-COS encoder interface	4	X	0,1,2
Absolute encoders type*	5	N	N - None
Number of Absolute encoders interface*	6	0	0 - 0
Limit switch inputs	7	X	A - 5V, Source/PNP B - 5V, Sink/NPN C - 24V, Source/PNP D - 24V, Sink/NPN
Digital Inputs	8	X	A - 5V, two-terminal B - 24V, two-terminal

Ordering Options	Field	Example User Selection	Available Ordering Option Values
Digital Outputs	9	X	A - Source/PNP, 5V & 24V B - Sink/NPN, 5V & 24V
Special options	10	X	N - No A - Third SIN-COS encoder, replacing two analog inputs
STO	11	Y	Y - Yes N - No
Motor relays	12	X	Y - Yes N - No

\*Absolute encoders are not currently supported.

## 2.3 NPMpm order part number

The order part number (P/N) contains several characters (see example in [Figure 2-2](#)) that each specify a configuration characteristic ordered for the NPMpm module, as described in [Table 2-2](#).



Figure 2-2. NPMpm Label

Table 2-2. NPMpm ordering options

Ordering Options	Field	Example User Selection	Available Ordering Option Values
Number of axes/drives	1	X	1,2
Current	2	X	A - 3.3/10A B - 6.6/20A C - 10/30A D - 13.3/40A
500kHz SIN-COS encoder interface	3	X	0,1,2,3,4
10MHz SIN-COS encoder interface	4	X	0,1,2,3,4
Absolute encoders type	5	X	N - None E - EnDAT 2.2 & 2.1 digital only S - Smart Abs P - Panasonic B - BiSS-A/B/C I - SSI A - Sanyo ABS

Ordering Options	Field	Example User Selection	Available Ordering Option Values
Number of Absolute encoders interface	6	X	0,1,2
STO	7	Y	Y - Yes N - No
Limit switch inputs	8	X	A - 5V, Source/PNP B - 5V, Sink/NPN C - 24V, Source/PNP D - 24V, Sink/NPN
Digital Inputs	9	X	A - 5V, two-terminal B - 24V, two-terminal
Digital Outputs	10	X	A - Source/PNP, 5V & 24V B - Sink/NPN, 5V & 24V
Motor relays	11	X	Y - Yes N - No
Special options	12	N	N - No A - Customized for Constant Velocity following error of stages with dual-feedback, one Laser encoder / interferometer & one optical encoder
Total number of feedback channels	13	X	A - 2 (utilize 1 axis)* B - 2 (utilize 2 axes) C - 4 (utilize 4 axes) D - 4 (utilize 2 axes)*

\* Available after Ver.2.30 release

## 2.4 NPAPm order part number

The order part number (P/N) contains several characters (see example in [Figure 2-3](#)) that each specify a configuration characteristic ordered for the NPMpm module, as described in [2.4](#).



Figure 2-3. NPAPm Label

Table 2-3. NPAPm ordering options

Ordering Options	Field	Example User Selection	Available Ordering Option Values
Number of axes/drives	1	X	1,2
Current	2	X	A - 3.3/10A B - 6.6/20A C - 10/30A D - 13.3/40A
STO	3	Y	Y - Yes N - No
Motor relays	4	X	Y - Yes N - No
Special options	5	N	N - No
Type of motor	6	X	T - Three phase motor only S - Single phase motor only

\*As of June 2016, only units with STO can be ordered.

### 3. Reliability data (PFD and PFH)

Safety-related systems can be classified as operating in either a Low Demand mode or in a High Demand/Continuous mode.

PFD and PFH calculations are based on the equations from Part 6 of IEC 61508.

Table 3-1 shows the functional safety data of the NPM<sub>pm</sub>/NPAP<sub>m</sub>, and UDM<sub>PA</sub>.

Table 3-1. Functional safety data

	STO
PFD	2,27E-6
PFH	1,24E-11
PL	e
SIL	3
Category	3
MTTF <sub>D</sub>	390521y

## 4. STO specification

Table 4-1 describes the STO input specification.

Table 4-1. STO input specification

Name	Description	Value	Note
STO power supply	24V supply (nominal)	24Vdc	
	Power supply type	SELV/PELV	
Input current	@18Vdc	30mA	
	@33Vdc	20mA	
Input ON voltage (min-max)	Input ON voltage (min-max)	18-33Vdc	
Input OFF voltage (Max)	Input OFF voltage (Max)	<5V	
Input OFF current (max) @5V	Input OFF current (max) @5V	0.15mA	
Maximum reaction time (ms)	Time from STO activation until the power is removed from optocouplers	350mS	
Maximum duration of OSSD pulse	Duration of pulse that will active the STO function	<1mS, with period of >200ms	
Connector	Type and p/n	Connector: JST 5 PIN 2mm male SM05B-PASS-1	
		Mating: JST 5 PIN 2mm female PAP-05V-S Pin type: SPHD-001T-P0.5	

Name	Description	Value	Note
	Wire gauge	22-24AG	

## 4.1 Environmental specification

Table 4-2. Environmental specification

Category	Specification	Note
Operational temperature	0-40°C	
Storage temperature	0-70°C	
Humidity	10-90%	
Altitude	Up to 2000m	
Pollution degree	2	
EMC	IEC 61800-3 IEC 61800-5-2 Ed. 2 (second environment)	



Failure to maintain the specified ambient temperature can result in a failure of the safety function.

## 5. STO installation requirements

### 5.1 STO connector

The STO is connected to J3 in NPMpm/NPAPm, and UDMpa.

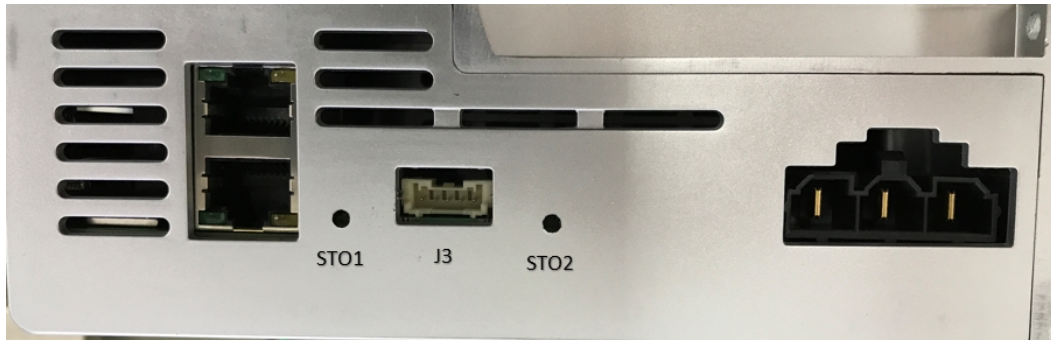


Figure 5-1. STO J3 connector

### 5.2 STO connector pinout

Table 5-1 describes the J3 STO connector.

Table 5-1. J3 STO connector description

	Name	Description
1	STO1	STO input 1, 24V return input
2	STO1	STO input 1, +24V input
3	NC	not connected
4	STO2	STO input 2, +24V input
5	STO2	STO input 2, 24V return input

### 5.3 Wiring and cables

It is recommended to use 22-24 AWG copper wire with an insulation rating of 600V or higher.

The STO cable must be shielded and isolated from any sources of environmental Stress.

The measures of EN13849-2 D.7 for the connector wiring is required.

### 5.4 Mating connector

The STO (J3) mating connector is JST 5 PIN 2mm female PAP-05V-S. The pin type for this connector is: SPHD-001T-P0.5

### 5.5 Power supplies

The external power supply that feeds the STO input is to be low voltage 24Vdc±10% power supply that complies with EN60950 (SELV) or EN50178 (PELV).

## 5.6 Typical system configuration

A typical system configuration includes:

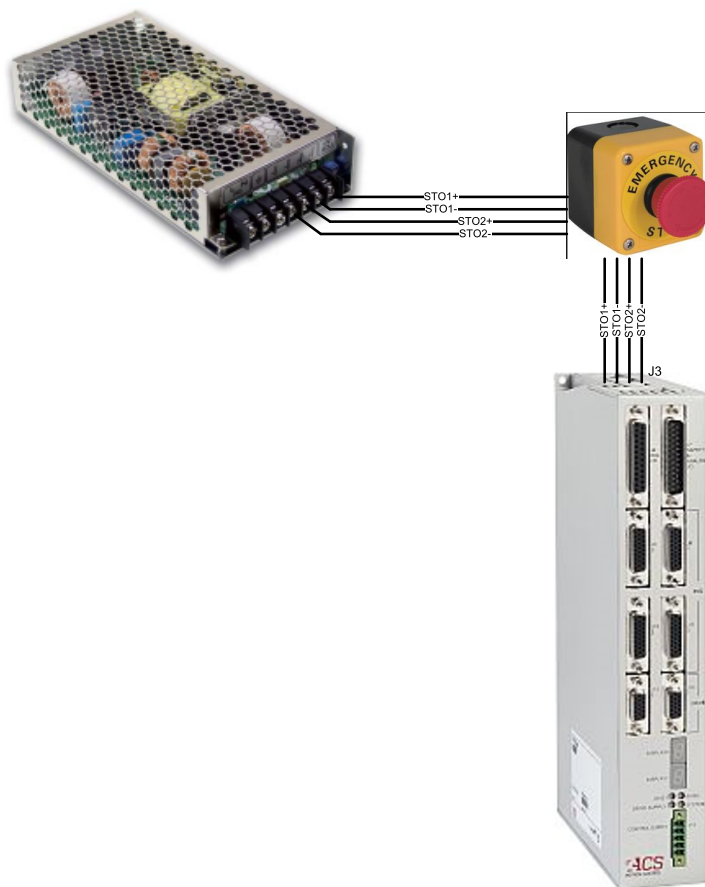


Figure 5-2. Typical system configuration

## 6. STO diagnostic and functionality

### 6.1 STO diagnostic

When STO is activated, i.e. power is removed from one of the STO safe channels input (24Vdc), it disables the drive's output MOSFET's by removing the power from the gate drive optocouplers. The STO1 and STO2 LEDs are OFF. The controller generates a message (in the ACS SPiiPlus MMI Application Studio software interface) similar to the one shown in [Figure 6-1](#).

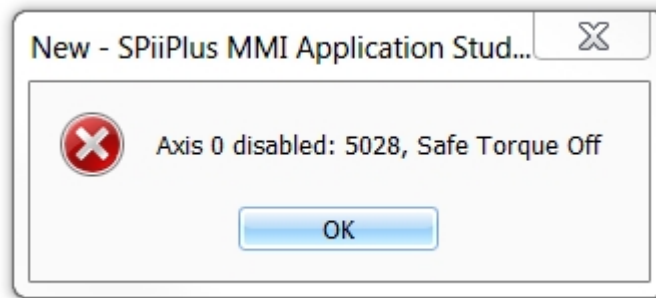


Figure 6-1. Sample warning message

### 6.2 Recovery from a STO event

After activation of STO (that is power is removed from optocouplers), the system can be restarted by resetting the STO inputs (both channels receive power of 24Vdc) and the drive is activated using an additional **ENABLE\_**\$ command. The **ENABLE\_**\$ command is not safety related but must be integrated in a way so that a stuck-at fault cannot rerun the drive automatically. In some applications, an automatic rerun is required, this case requires an additional Signal or Command initiated by the Control system.

## 7. Verify operation

### 7.1 Maintenance and diagnosis

The user is responsible to perform periodic tests to ensure that the STO circuits are functioning.

The two options to perform a periodic tests are [Automatic test](#) or [Manual test](#).

The periodic test is to be done every three months.

#### 7.1.1 Automatic test

When the STO is connected with a Safety PLC controller. The Safety-PLC controller is responsible for testing in sufficient cycle time. In this case, it is required to check a feedback signal concerning the motion state of the motor.

The PLC has to test each input separately in the following sequence:

1. PLC controller activates both channels of STO, i.e. disconnects the 24V of both STO inputs on J3.
2. User has to verify that both LEDs, STO1 and STO2 are off.
3. Motion controller sends command to the motor to start motion.
4. PLC controller reads the motor feedback and verifies no motion.
5. PLC controller applies 24V between pin 1 and 2 of J3 (STO channel 1 deactivated).
6. User has to verify that STO1 LED is on and STO2 LED is off.
7. Motion controller sends command to the drive to start motion.
8. PLC controller reads the motor feedback and verifies no motion.
9. PLC disconnects the 24V from pin 1 and 3 of J3.
10. PLC connects 24V between pins 4 and 5 of J3 (STO channel 2 deactivated).
11. User has to verify that STO2 LED is on and STO1 LED is off.
12. Motion control sends command to the drive to start motion.
13. PLC controller reads the motor feedback and verify no motion.
14. PLC reconnects both STO channels (deactivate the both STO channels).

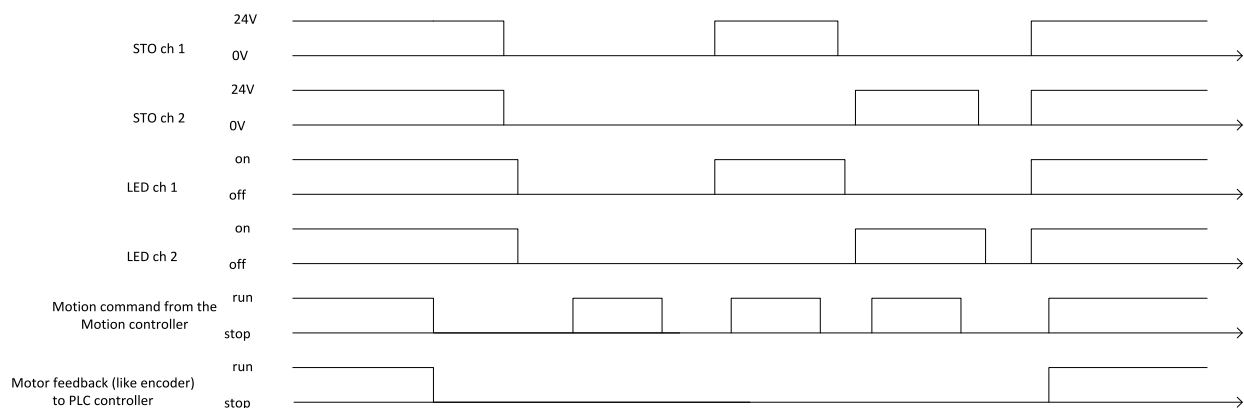


Figure 7-1. J3 signals and its LEDs

STO ch 1: STO input channel 1

**STO ch 2:** STO input channel 2

**LED ch 1:** Signal LED of channel 1 status see [Figure 7-2](#) (STO1)

**LED ch 2:** Signal LED of channel 2 status see [Figure 7-2](#) (STO2)

**Motion command from the motion controller:** the motion controller send command to the drive to start motion.

**Motor feedback (like encoder) to safety PLC:** motor feedback (like encoder or others) from motor to the PLC controller.



Figure 7-2. STO J3 connector and its LEDs

### 7.1.2 Manual test

The user tests the STO safe inputs by activating the STO function channel wise cyclically and checks that the LED's are off (STO1 and STO2, as in the picture above) depending by the activated channel.

The user is to test each input separately in the following sequence:

1. Activate both channels of STO, i.e. to disconnect the 24V of both STO inputs on J3.
2. Make sure both LEDs, STO1 and STO2 are off.
3. Deactivate STO channel 1 only (apply 24V between pin 1 and 2 of J3).
4. Make sure STO1 LED is on and STO2 LED is off.
5. Disconnect the 24V from pin 1 and 3 of J3.
6. Connect 24V between pins 4 and 5 of J3.
7. Make sure STO2 LED is on and STO1 LED is off.
8. Reconnect both STO channels (deactivate the both STO channels).
9. Make sure both LEDs, STO1 and STO2, are on.

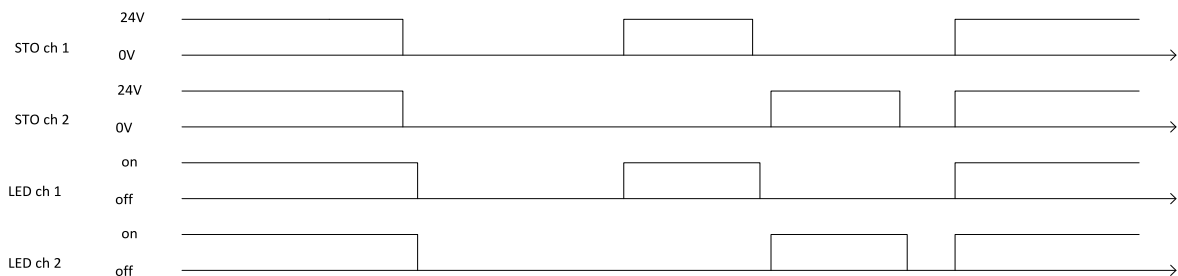


Figure 7-3. J3 signals and its LEDs

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